

Material Safety Data Sheet

PRODUCT NAME BREAK UP JF D3.5 CONC

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name JOHNSONDIVERSEY AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address 29 Chifley St, Smithfield, NSW, AUSTRALIA, 2164
Telephone (02) 9757 0300
Fax (02) 9725 5767
Emergency 1800 033 111 (24 hrs)
Email
Web Site <http://www.johnsondiversev.com>

Synonym(s) HH15459 BREAK UP JF D3.5 CONC 2X2.5L

Use(s) FOAMING DEGREASER

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO NOHSC CRITERIA

RISK PHRASES

R34 Causes burns.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

SAFETY PHRASES

S1/2 Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (where applicable).

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre.

S28 After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately (show the label where possible).

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No.	1760	Hazchem Code	2X	Pkg Group	III
DG Class	8	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	EPG	8A1

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	Conc.	CAS No.
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	K-O-H	<5%	1310-58-3
NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Not Available	>60%	Not Available
ALKALINE SALTS	Not Available	10-30%	Not Available

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye	Hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with water. Continue until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Keep patient calm.
Inhalation	If over exposure occurs leave exposure area immediately. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing and gently flush affected areas with water. Continue to flush with water until skin no longer feels soapy. Seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately wash out mouth with water, and then give water to drink. Seek medical attention.
Advice to Doctor First Aid Facilities	CORROSIVE POISONING TREATMENT: Immediate treatment preferably in a hospital is mandatory. In treating corrosive poisoning, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; DO NOT ATTEMPT GASTRIC LAVAGE; and DO NOT ATTEMPT TO NEUTRALISE THE CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE. Vomiting will increase the severity of damage to the oesophagus as the corrosive substance will again come in contact with it. Attempting gastric lavage may result in perforating either the oesophagus or stomach.

Immediately dilute the corrosive substance by having the patient drink milk or water. If the trachea has been damaged tracheostomy may be required. For oesophageal burns begin broad-spectrum antibiotics and corticosteroid therapy. Intravenous fluids will be required if oesophageal or gastric damage prevents ingestion of liquids. Long-range therapy will be directed toward preventing or treating oesophageal scars and strictures.

Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Non flammable. No fire or explosion hazard exists.
Fire and Explosion	Non flammable. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing	Non flammable. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways, absorb runoff with sand or similar.
Hazchem Code	2X

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage	If spilt, absorb with sand or similar. Wear splash-proof goggles, PVC/rubber gloves, coveralls and rubber boots. Collect and place in sealable containers for disposal. Caution: Spill site may be slippery.
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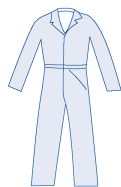
7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage	Store in cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.
Handling	Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas (eg. if container is damaged).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation	Do not inhale vapours. Use in well ventilated areas. In poorly ventilated areas, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.
Exposure Standards	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-58-3) ES-TWA: 2 mg/m ³ Potassium hydroxide WES-TWA: 2 mg/m ³
PPE	Wear splash-proof goggles, coveralls and rubber or PVC gloves. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear a faceshield, a PVC apron and rubber boots.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	CLEAR PALE YELLOW LIQUID	Solubility (water):	SOLUBLE
Odour:	CHARACTERITIC ODOUR	Specific Gravity:	1.22 (Approximately)
pH:	> 13.0	% Volatiles:	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour Pressure:	NOT AVAILABLE	Flammability:	NON FLAMMABLE
Vapour Density:	NOT AVAILABLE	Flash Point:	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling Point:	NOT AVAILABLE	Upper Explosion Limit:	NOT RELEVANT
Melting Point:	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit:	NOT RELEVANT
Evaporation Rate:	NOT AVAILABLE	Autoignition Temperature:	NOT AVAILABLE
Exposure Standard:	2 mg/m ³ Potassium hydroxide		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. peroxides), acids (eg. sulphuric acid), active metals (eg. aluminium, potassium, magnesium), and heat and ignition sources.
Decomposition Products	May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary	Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact. Due to the low vapour pressure of this product an inhalation hazard is not anticipated under normal conditions. If diluted, the potential for corrosive effects will be reduced.
Eye	May result in pain, redness, corneal burns and ulceration with possible permanent damage with prolonged contact.
Inhalation	Over exposure at high levels may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea and nasal inflammation. Low volatility markedly reduces inhalation hazard.
Skin	Contact may result in itching, pain, redness, rash and dermatitis. Prolonged contact may result in burns.
Ingestion	Ingestion may result in ulceration and burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhoea.
Toxicity Data	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-58-3) LD50 (Ingestion): 273 mg/kg (rat)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment	WATER: If released to waterways, alkaline products may change the pH of the waterway. Fish will die if the pH reaches 10-11 (goldfish 10.9, bluegill 10.5). SOIL: May leach to groundwater with toxic effects on aquatic life as above. ATMOSPHERE: Not expected to reside in the atmosphere. Drops or particles released to atmosphere should be removed by gravity and/or be rained out.
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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal	Neutralise with dilute acid (eg. 3 mol/L hydrochloric acid) or similar. For small amounts absorb with sand or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer for additional information.
Legislation	Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.				
UN No.	1760	Hazchem Code	2X	Pkg Group	III
DG Class	8	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	EPG	8A1

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule AICS Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).
All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

ABBREVIATIONS:

mg/m³ - Milligrams per cubic metre

ppm - Parts Per Million

TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

CNS - Central Nervous System

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration - this value will relate to a scale of 0 - 14, where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline.

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Report Status This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet ('MSDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this MSDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this MSDS.

Prepared By Risk Management Technologies
5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth
Western Australia 6005
Phone: +61 8 9322 1711
Fax: +61 8 9322 1794
Email: info@rmt.com.au
Web: www.rmt.com.au

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End of Report